Arabian Scandinavian Insurance Company (PLC) - Takaful - ASCANA Insurance

Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited) For the period ended 31 March 2020



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Review Report of the Independent Auditor
To the Shareholders of Arabian Scandinavian Insurance Company (PLC) Takaful - ASCANA Insurance

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of Arabian Scandinavian Insurance Company (PLC) - Takaful - ASCANA Insurance (the "Company") as at 31 March 2020, the related condensed interim income statement, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity, condensed interim statement of cash flows for the three months period then ended and other related explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

GRANT THORNTON Farouk Mohamed Registration No: 86

Dubai, 23 June 2020

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Condensed interim statement of financial position As at 31 March 2020

	Notes	(Unaudited) 31 March 2020 AED'000	(Audited) 31 December 2019 AED'000
ASSETS			
Takaful operations' assets			
Cash and bank balances	4	59,748	72,121
Takaful and retakaful receivables	5	29,039	16,068
Retakaful contract assets:			
Unearned contribution	6	10,999	8,807
Claims reported unsettled	6	11,875	8,187
Claims incurred but not reported	6	5,261	4,616
Additional unexpired risk reserve	6	193	-
Prepayments and other receivables		5,889	9,498
Due from related parties	7	7,542	5,897
Other financial assets measured at fair value through			
profit and loss (FVTPL)	10	1,762	-
Deferred policy acquisition cost		8,820	8,161
Total takaful operations' assets	-	141,128	133,355
Shareholders' assets			
Cash and bank balances	4	156,101	151,458
Statutory deposits	8	10,000	10,000
Prepayments and other receivables		5,938	2,049
Due from policyholders	9	28,084	33,336
Other financial assets measured at fair value through		,	,
other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)	10	1,939	1,939
Other financial assets measured at fair value through		•	ŕ
profit and loss (FVTPL)	10	4,219	515
Investment properties	11	165,994	165,994
Property and equipment		2,054	2,304
Total shareholders' assets	=	374,329	367,595
Total assets	_	515,457	500,950

Condensed interim statement of financial position As at 31 March 2020 (continued)

	Notes	(Unaudited) 31 March 2020 AED'000	(Audited) 31 December 2019 AED'000
LIABILITIES, POLICYHOLDERS' FUND AND		11120 000	7122 000
EQUITY			
Takaful operations' liabilities and policyholders' fund			
Takaful operations' liabilities			
Takaful and retakaful payables	12	48,165	44,404
Takaful contract liabilities:			1.19.1.5
Unearned contribution	6	72,046	68,032
Claims reported unsettled	6	15,977	18,324
Claims incurred but not reported	6	22,594	21,429
Unallocated loss adjustments expense reserve	6	2,252	2,261
Additional unexpired risk reserve	6	6,082	6,335
Other liabilities	O	5,437	5,023
Due to related parties	7	4	5,025
Due to shareholders	9	28,084	33,336
Deferred discount		2,660	1,963
Total takaful operations' liabilities	-	203,301	201,113
Policyholders' fund	_	Ę.	
Deficit in policyholders' fund		(62,173)	(67,758)
Qard Hassan from shareholders		62,173	67,758
Total policyholders' fund	-	02,175	07,750
Liabilities and policyholders' fund	-	203,301	201,113
r	_	,	,
Shareholders' liabilities and equity Shareholders' liabilities			
Provision for employees' end of service indemnity		2,534	2,473
Other liabilities		9,919	7,145
Lease liabilities		942	1,074
Due to related parties	7	37	37
Total shareholders' liabilities	_	13,432	10,729
Shareholders' equity		4=1.000	181600
Share capital	13	154,000	154,000
Statutory reserve	14	63,572	63,572
Voluntary reserve	15	50,064	50,064
Investments revaluation reserve - FVTOCI		(484)	(484)
Retained earnings	_	31,572	21,950
Total shareholders' equity	_	298,724	289,108
Total shareholders' liabilities and equity	_	312,156	299,837
Total liabilities, policyholders' fund and equity		515,457	500,950

The condensed interim financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 23 June 2020.

Mr. Ahmad Mohammed Amin Al Kazim

Vice Chairman

The notes from 1 to 25 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Condensed interim income statement For the period ended 31 March 2020

Attributable to policyholders	Notes	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2020 AED'000	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2019 AED'000
Talacal in anna			
Takaful income Gross takaful contribution		39,102	41,145
Retakaful share of accepted business		(25)	(47)
Retakaful share of ceded business		(8,973)	(10,850)
Net takaful contribution		30,104	30,248
Net transfer to unearned contribution reserves and			
additional unexpired risk reserves		(1,377)	(902)
Net takaful contribution earned		28,727	29,346
Discount received on retakaful contributions		1,141	1,245
Policy fees		-,- ·-	11
Total takaful income		29,868	30,602
Takaful expenses			
Gross claims incurred		(25,272)	(30,736)
Retakaful share of accepted business claims		(=0,=1=)	290
Retakaful share of ceded business claims		6,866	11,140
NTst alsians in second		(19.406)	(10.206)
Net claims incurred Provision for takaful contract liabilities		(18,406) 2,347	(19,306)
Retakaful share of claims reported unsettled		3,688	1,161 (408)
Increase in claims incurred but not reported – net		(520)	2,909
Increase in unallocated loss adjustments expenses – net		9	(265)
Net takaful claims incurred		(12,882)	(15,909)
Other takaful expenses		(45)	_
Total takaful expenses		(12,927)	(15,909)
Net takaful income		16,941	14,693
Investment income	17	269	661
Other income		187	46
Wakala fees	16	(11,731)	(12,343)
Mudarib's fee	16	(81)	(198)
Surplus for the period attributable to policyholders		5,585	2,859

The notes from 1 to 25 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Condensed interim income statement For the period ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

	Notes	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2020 AED'000	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2019 AED'000
Attributable to shareholders			
Investment income Other income	17	2,644 1	4,2 96
Wakala fees from policyholders	16	11,731	12,343
Mudarib's fees	16	81	198
Policy acquisition cost		(4,533)	(4,552)
General and administrative expenses		(5,893)	(6,126)
Income for the period before Qard Hassan		4,031	6,160
Reversal of provision against Qard Hassan to policyholders		5,585	2,859
Profit for the period attributable to shareholders		9,616	9,019
Earnings per share	18	0.062	0.059

Condensed interim statement of comprehensive income For the period ended 31 March 2020

Attributable to shareholders	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2020 AED'000	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2019 AED'000
Profit for the period	9,616	9,019
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to shareholders	9,616	9,019

Condensed interim statement of changes in equity For the period ended 31 March 2020

	Share capital AED'000	Statutory reserve AED'000	Voluntary reserve AED'000	Investment revaluation reserve - FVTOCI AED'000	Retained earnings AED'000	Total AED'000
As at 1 January 2019 (Audited)	154,000	63,572	50,064	(484)	43,725	310,877
Profit for the period Total comprehensive income for the period	_	-	-	-	9,019 9,019	9,019 9,019
As at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)	154,000	63,572	50,064	(484)	52,744	319,896
As at 1 January 2020 (Audited)	154,000	63,572	50,064	(484)	21,956	289,108
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	9,616	9,616
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	9,616	9,616
As at 31 March 2020 (Unaudited)	154,000	63,572	50,064	(484)	31,572	298,724

The notes from 1 to 25 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Condensed interim statement of cash flows For the period ended 31 March 2020

	(Audited) Three months period ended 31 March 2020 AED'000	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2019 AED'000
Cash flows from operating activities Profit for the period	9,616	9,019
Adjustments for:	7,010	2,017
Depreciation of property and equipment	250	80
Unrealised loss on financial assets at FVTPL	796	375
Realised loss on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL	-	2
Other investment income	(2,519)	(4,074)
Dividends income from financial investments at FVTPL	(242)	(536)
Expected credit losses Profit on wakala deposits	45 (1,157)	(724)
Provision for employees' end of service indemnity	61	61
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital	6,850	4,203
Increase in retakaful contract assets	(6,718)	(1,017)
(Increase)/decrease in takaful and retakaful receivables	(13,016)	1,339
Increase in due from related parties	(1,645)	(1,347)
Increase in prepayments and other receivables	(280)	(1,089)
Increase in deferred policy acquisition costs Increase/(decrease) in takaful contract liabilities	(659) 2,570	(298) (1,478)
Increase/(decrease) in takaful and retakaful payables	3,761	(3,156)
Increase in deferred discount	697	624
Increase in other liabilities	3,188	491
Decrease in due to related parties	(2)	(1)
Net cash used in operating activities	(5,254)	(1,729)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of investments in securities	(6,262)	-
Proceeds from sale of investments in securities	-	4,658
Rental income received	2,519	4,074
Profit received on wakala deposit	1,157	724
Dividend received	242	536
Decrease in wakala deposit with maturity more than 3 months Net cash generated from investing activities	25,000 22,656	9,992
Net cash generated from investing activities	22,030	9,992
Cash flows from financing activities		
Funding cost paid on lease liability	10	-
Payment of lease liability	(142)	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(132)	-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	17,270	8,263
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	81,579	36,477
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period (note 20)	98,849	44,740

The notes from 1 to 25 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

1 Legal status and activities

Arabian Scandinavian Insurance Company PLC - Takaful - ASCANA Insurance (the "Company") is a public shareholding company and was registered in 1992 under U.A.E. Federal Law No. (2) of 2015 relating to commercial companies in U.A.E. The Company is subject to the regulations of U.A.E. Federal Law No. 6 of 2007, on Establishment of Insurance Authority and Organisation of its Operations and is registered in the Insurance Companies Register of Insurance Authority of U.A.E under registration number 6. The address of the Company's registered office is P.O. Box 1993, Dubai, United Arab Emirates.

The Shareholders Extraordinary General Assembly Meeting held on 19 March 2014 approved conversion of the Company's business from conventional insurance to Takaful insurance. The Board of Directors appointed a Fatwa and Sharia'a Supervisory Board for overseeing the compliance with Sharia'a.

The Company started issuing short term takaful contracts from 1 February 2015 in connection with life and non-life takaful such as motor, marine, fire, engineering, medical and general accident risks (collectively known as general takaful) and the name of the Company was changed to Arabian Scandinavian Insurance Company PLC - Takaful ASCANA Insurance. The Company only operates in U.A.E., through its Dubai and Abu Dhabi offices.

2 General information and basis of preparation

The condensed interim financial statements are for the three months period ended 31 March 2020 and are presented in United Arab Emirate Dirham (AED), which is also the functional currency of the Company. These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' and do not include all of the information required in annual financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019. Further, results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2020.

3 Significant accounting policies

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies adopted in the Company's most recent annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019. Certain amendments to accounting standards and annual improvements, as disclosed in the Company's most recent annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019, are applicable on the Company but do not have any material impact on these condensed interim financial statements.

Interim reporting

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 except for the changes in the accounting policies implemented by management from 1 January 2020.

Critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying accounting policies

The Company makes estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may substantially be different.

Classification of investments

Management designates at the time of acquisition of securities whether these should be classified as at FVTOCI or FVTPL. In judging whether investments in securities are as at FVTOCI or FVTPL, Management has considered the detailed criteria for determination of such classification as set out in IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments. Management is satisfied that its investments in securities are appropriately classified.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying accounting policies (continued)

Classification of properties

In the process of classifying properties, management has made various judgments. Judgments are needed to determine whether a property qualifies as an investment property, property and equipment, property under development and/or property held for sale. Management develops criteria so that it can exercise that judgment consistently in accordance with the definitions of investment property. In making its judgment, management has considered the detailed criteria and related guidance set out in IAS 40 - Investment Property, with regards to the intended use of the property.

Outstanding claims and technical provisions

The estimation of ultimate liability arising from the claims made under takaful contracts is the Company's most critical accounting estimate. There are sources of uncertainty that need to be considered in the estimate of the liability that the Company will eventually pay for such claims. Estimates have to be made both for the expected ultimate cost of claims reported and for the expected ultimate cost of claims incurred but not reported ("IBNR") at the end of each reporting period. Liabilities for unpaid reported claims are estimated using the input of assessments for individual cases reported to the Company and management estimates based on internal and external actuarial assessment, taking into account the historical data of the claims reported and settlement pattern. Such method takes into account the best estimates of the future contractual cash flows estimated based on the historical data. At the end of each reporting period, prior year claims estimates are reassessed for adequacy and changes are made to the provision.

Impairment losses on Takaful receivables

The Company reviews its Takaful receivables on a regular basis to assess whether a provision for impairment should be recorded in the statement of income. In particular, judgment by management is required in the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining the level of provisions required. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions about the probability of default and probable losses in the event of default, the value of the underlying security, and realisation costs.

In addition to specific provisions against individually significant Takaful receivables, the Company also makes a collective impairment provision against Takaful receivables which, although not specifically identified as requiring a specific provision, have a greater risk of default than when originally granted. The amount of the provision is based on the historical loss pattern for Takaful receivables within each grade and is adjusted to reflect current economic changes.

Liability adequacy test

At the end of each reporting period, liability adequacy tests are performed to ensure the adequacy of Takaful contract liabilities. The Company makes use of the best estimates of future contractual cash flows and claims handling and administration expenses, as well as investment income from the assets backing such liabilities in evaluating the adequacy of the liability. Any deficiency is immediately charged to the statement of income.

Valuation of unquoted equity instruments

Valuation of unquoted equity investments is normally based on recent market transactions on an arm's length basis, fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, expected cash flows discounted at current rates for similar instruments or other valuation models. In the absence of an active market for these investments or any recent transactions that could provide evidence of the current fair value, management estimates the fair value of these instruments using expected cash flows discounted at current rates for similar instruments or other valuation models.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying accounting policies (continued)

Inputs, assumptions and techniques used for expected credit losses ("ECL") calculation – IFRS9 Methodology

Key concepts in IFRS 9 that have the most significant impact and require a high level of judgment, as considered by the Company while determining the impact assessment, are:

The assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is done on a relative basis. To assess whether the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since origination, the Company compares the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset at the reporting date to the corresponding risk of default at origination, using key risk indicators that are used in the Company's existing risk management processes.

The measurement of ECL for each stage and the assessment of significant increases in credit risk must consider information about past events and current conditions as well as reasonable and supportable forecasts of future events and economic conditions. The estimation and application of forward-looking information will require significant judgment.

The definition of default used in the measurement of expected credit losses and the assessment to determine movement between stages will be consistent with the definition of default used for internal credit risk management purposes. IFRS 9 does not define default, but contains a rebuttable presumption that default has occurred when an exposure is greater than 90 days past due.

When measuring ECL, the Company must consider the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk. All contractual terms should be considered when determining the expected life, including prepayment options and extension and rollover options. For certain revolving credit facilities that do not have a fixed maturity, the expected life is estimated based on the period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk and where the credit losses would not be mitigated by management actions.

4 Cash and bank balances

	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	AED'000	ÀED'000
Cash on hand	29	70
Bank balances:		
Wakala deposits	162,000	142,000
Current accounts	53,820	81,509
	215,849	223,579
Attributable to:		
Shareholders	156,101	151,458
Policyholders	59,748	72,121
•	215,849	223,579

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

Takaful and retakaful receivables		
	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Audited) AED'000
Takaful receivable	29,279	16,413
Receivables from takaful companies	3,275	4,109
Receivables from retakaful companies	2,795	1,811
	35,349	22,333
Less: Expected credit losses	(6,310)	(6,265)
	29,039	16,068
	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
T '1 TIATE	AED'000	AED'000
Inside UAE: Takaful receivable	20, 200	1 6 41 6
	29,280	16,413
Receivables from takaful companies Receivables from retakaful companies	3,275 663	4,109
Receivables from retakarui companies		169
Less: Expected credit losses	33,218 (6,310)	20,691
Less. Expected credit losses		(6,265)
	26,908	14,426
	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Audited) AED'000
Outside UAE:	ALD 000	ALD 000
Receivables from retakaful companies	2,131	1,642
Inside UAE - Takaful receivable	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	AED'000	AED'000
Less than 30 days	7,780	4,301
30 - 90 days	11,243	2,903
91 - 180 days	5,472	4,224
181 - 270 days	1,790	1,650
271 - 360 days	702	1,916
More than 360 days	6,231	5,697

33,218

20,691

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

5	Takaful and	retakaful	receivables	(continued)	,
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Outside UAE - Receivables from retakaful companies	31 March 2020 (Unaudited) AED'000	31 December 2019 (Audited) AED'000
0 - 30 days 31- 90 days 91 - 180 days 181 - 270 days	505 1 1,269 354	1,254 - 314 1
271 - 360 days More than 360 days	2,131	73 1,642

6 Takaful contract liabilities and retakaful contract assets

Gross Takaful contract liabilities:	31 March 2020 (Unaudited) AED'000	31 December 2019 (Audited) AED'000
Unearned contribution	72,046	69.022
	15,977	68,032 18,324
Claims reported unsettled Claims incurred but not reported	22,594	21,429
Unallocated loss adjustments expense reserve	2,252	2,261
Additional unexpired risk reserve	6,082	6,335
*	118,951	116,381
Total takaful contract liabilities, gross	110,931	110,361
Recoverable from retakaful Retakaful contract assets:		
Unearned contribution	10,999	8,807
Claims reported unsettled	11,875	8,187
Claims incurred but not reported	5,261	4,616
Additional unexpired risk reserve	193	-
Total retakaful share of takaful liabilities	28,328	21,610
Net		
Unearned contribution	61,047	59,225
Claims reported unsettled	4,102	10,137
Claims incurred but not reported	17,333	16,813
Unallocated loss adjustments expense reserve	2,252	2,261
Additional unexpired risk reserve	5,889	6,335
•	90,623	94,771

7 Related party transactions

The Company enters into transactions with companies and entities that fall within the definition of a related party as contained in International Accounting Standard 24. Related parties comprise companies and entities under common ownership and/or common management and control, their partners and key management personnel. The management decides on the terms and conditions of the transactions with related parties

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

7 Related party transactions (continued)

Related parties represent directors and key management personnel of the Company, and entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the Company's management.

a) Related party balances

	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	AED'000	AED'000
Due from related parties:		
Al Redah Insurance Brokers (LLC), Dubai	12,092	10,536
Other	208	119
	12,300	10,655
Less: Expected credit losses	(4,758)	(4,758)
•	7,542	5,897
Due to related parties:		
Other	41	43
All due from related parties are attributable to policy holders.		
Due to related parties are attributable as follows:		
	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	AED'000	AED'000
Shareholders	37	37
Policyholders	4	6
	41	43

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been given or received. No expense has been recognised in the year for bad or doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties.

b) Transactions with related parties

During the period, the Company entered into following transactions with related parties:

	Three months	Three months
	period ended	period ended
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	AED'000	AED'000
Gross contribution written for related parties	653	706
Management expenses (net)	874	858
Contribution written through a related party broker	3,587	4,695
Policy acquisition costs	442	603
Claims paid - net	38	463

Transactions with related parties were carried out on terms agreed with the management.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

7 Related party transactions (continued)

c) Board of Directors and key management personnel compensation

	Three months period ended	Three months period ended
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Unaudited) AED'000
Short-term benefits Long-term benefits	212 45	332 68

8 Statutory deposits

Statutory deposit represents a Wakala deposit under lien against the guarantees issued in favour of Insurance Authority of U.A.E. in accordance with Article 42 of United Arab Emirates (U.A.E.) Federal Law No. 6 of 2007, on Establishment of Insurance Authority and Organisation of its Operations.

9 Due from policyholders/due to shareholders

The balance consists of the net of Wakala fees balances that is due to the shareholders from the policyholders amounting to AED 28.01 million (31 December 2019: AED 33.34 million).

10 Other financial assets

	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	AED'000	AED'000
Other financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)		
Unquoted UAE equity securities	1,939	1,939
Other financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)		
Quoted UAE equity securities	5,466	-
Unquoted UAE equity securities	515	515
	5,981	515

All other financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) are attributable to Shareholders.

Other financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) are attributable as follows:

	31 March 2020 (Unaudited) AED'000	31 December 2019 (Audited) AED'000
Shareholders Policyholders	4,219 1,762	515
	5,981	515

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

10 Other financial assets (continued)

The movement in other financial assets are as follows:

	At fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)		At fair through pr (FV)	ofit or loss
	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Audited) AED'000	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Audited) AED'000
Fair value, at the beginning of the				
period/year	1,939	1,939	515	27,938
Purchased during the period/year	-	-	6,262	3,853
Sold during the period/year	-	-	-	(31,276)
Change in fair value			(796)	-
Fair value, at the end of the				
period/year	1,939	1,939	5,981	515

11 Investment properties

Investment properties comprise of land and buildings and are located in United Arab Emirates.

Management estimates that there has been no change in the fair value of investment properties during the three months period ended 31 March 2020.

Investment properties are classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy as at 31 March 2020 (31 December 2019: Level 3).

Investment property amounting to AED 6.1 million (31 December 2019: AED 6.1 million) is registered in the name of related parties on trust and for the benefit of the Company.

12 Takaful and retakaful payables

31 March	31 December
2020	2019
(Unaudited)	(Audited)
AED'000	AED'000
12,375	12,340
15,389	14,989
20,401	17,075
48,165	44,404
31 March	31 December
2020	2019
(Unaudited)	(Audited)
AED'000	AED'000
12,376	12,340
15,389	14,989
91	1,187
27,856	28,516
	2020 (Unaudited) AED'000 12,375 15,389 20,401 48,165 31 March 2020 (Unaudited) AED'000 12,376 15,389 91

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

12 Takaful and retakaful payables (continued)

	31 March 2020	31 December 2019
Outside UAE:	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Audited) AED'000
Due to retakaful companies	20,309	15,888

13 Share capital

At 31 March 2020, authorised, issued and fully paid share capital comprised 154,000,000 shares of AED 1 each (31 December 2019: 154,000,000 shares of AED 1 each).

14 Statutory reserve

In accordance with U.A.E. Law No. (2) of 2015, the Company has established a statutory reserve by appropriation of 10% of profit for each year until the reserve equals 50% of the paid-up share capital. This reserve is not available for distribution except as stipulated by the Law. No transfer to the statutory reserve have been made during the three months period ended 31 March 2020 (three months period ended 31 March 2019: Nil), as this will be based on the audited results for the year.

15 Voluntary reserve

The Company had set up the voluntary reserve by transferring 10% of annual profit as per the clause in the earlier Articles of Association which required at least 10% of the Company's annual profit must be transferred to voluntary reserve until it is suspended by an Ordinary General Meeting upon recommendations of the Board of Directors or when the reserve reaches 50% of the paid up capital of Company and this reserve can be utilised for purposes determined by the General meeting up on recommendation of the Board of Directors.

During 2016, the Company had amended its Articles of Association and the clause related to voluntary reserve states that a voluntary purpose reserve can be created upon a recommendation of the Board of Directors and this reserve cannot be utilised for any other purpose unless approved by the General meeting. As per the above amendment, no transfer to voluntary reserve is made for the period ended 31 March 2020 and 31 December 2019.

16 Wakala and Mudarib's fees

Wakala fees

Wakala fees for the period ended 31 March 2020 amounted to AED 11.73 million (31 March 2019: AED 12.3 million). The fees are calculated at maximum rate of 30% of gross takaful contributions. Wakala fee is charged to the statement of income when incurred.

Mudarib's fee

The shareholders also manage the policyholders' investment funds and charge Mudarib's fee. Mudarib's fee is charged at 30% of realised investment income. Mudarib's fees for the period ended 31 March 2020 amounted to AED 0.081million (31 March 2019: AED 0.198 million).

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

17 Investment income		
	Three months	Three months
	period ended	period ended
	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	AED'000	AED'000
Loss on disposal of financial investments at FVTPL	_	(2)
Unrealised loss on financial investments at FVTPL	(796)	(375)
Dividends from financial investments at FVTPL	242	536
Income from investment properties	2,519	4,349
Income from wakala deposit	1,157	724
Expenses allocated to investment	(209)	(275)
	2,913	4,957
Attributable to:		
Policyholders	269	661
Shareholders	2,644	4,296
	2,913	4,957

18 Earnings per share

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to shareholders by the number of ordinary shares outstanding as of the end of the period as follows:

	Three months period ended 31 March 2020	Three months period ended 31 March 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Profit for the period attributable to shareholders (in AED'000) Number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares) Basic and diluted earnings per share (in AED)	9,616 154,000,000 0.062	9,019 154,000,000 0.059

Diluted earnings per share as of 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2019 are equivalent to basic earnings per share as the Company did not issue any new instrument that would impact earnings per share when executed.

19 Dividends

At the Annual General Meeting held on 12 April 2020, the shareholders decided not to distribute any dividend for the year 2019. (2019: cash dividend of 10% of share capital, AED 10 fils per share, amounting to AED 15.4 million for the year 2018). The shareholders also decided not to pay any remuneration to the Board of Directors' for the year 2019 (2019: a remuneration of AED 1.050 million was paid).

20 Cash and cash equivalents

•	31 March 2020	31 March 2019
	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Unaudited) AED'000
Cash and bank balances Wakala deposits with maturity over 3 months	215,849 (117,000) 98,849	124,740 (80,000) 44,740

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

21 Commitments and contingent liabilities

31 March	31 December
2020	2019
(Unaudited)	(Audited)
AED'000	AED'000
10,391	10,347

Letters of guarantee

22 Segment information

For management purposes, the Company is organised into two business segments; takaful management and investment. The takaful segment comprises the takaful business undertaken by the Company on behalf of policyholders. Investment comprises investment and cash management for the Company's own account.

Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss which in certain respects is measured differently from profit or loss in the condensed financial statements.

Except for Wakala fees and Qard Hassan, no other inter-segment transactions occurred during the period. If any other transaction were to occur, transfer prices between operating segments are set on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties. Segment income, expenses and results will include those transfers between business segments which will then be eliminated on consolidation.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

22 Segment information (continued)

These segments are the basis on which the Company reports its primary segment information. Segmental information is presented below:

	Three months period ended 31 March 2020 (Unaudited)			Three months period ended 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)		
	Attributable to policyholders AED'000	Attributable to shareholders AED'000	Total AED'000	Attributable to policyholders AED'000	Attributable to shareholders AED'000	Total AED'000
Takaful						
Total takaful income	29,868	-	29,868	30,602	-	30,602
Total takaful expenses	(12,927)	-	(12,927)	(15,909)	-	(15,909)
Net takaful income	16,941	-	16,941	14,693	-	14,693
Wakala fees	(11,731)	11,731	-	(12,343)	12,343	-
Mudarib fees	(81)	81	-	(198)	198	-
Other Income	187	-	187	46	-	46
Investment Income	269	-	269	661	-	661
	5,585	11,812	17,397	2,859	12,541	15,400
Investment						
Investment income	-	2,644	2,644	-	4,296	4,296
Other income	-	1	1	-	1	1
Policy acquisition cost	-	(4,533)	(4,533)	-	(4,552)	(4,552)
General and administration expenses		(5,893)	(5,893)	-	(6,126)	(6,126)
Profit for the period	5,585	4,031	9,616	2,859	6,160	9,019

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

22 Segment information (continued)

Other information

	Takaful		Investment		Total	
	31 March 2020	31 December 2019	31 March 2020	31 December 2019	31 March 2020	31 December 2019
	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Audited) AED'000	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Audited) AED'000	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Audited) AED'000
Segment assets	141,128	133,355	374,329	367,595	515,457	500,950
Segment liabilities	203,301	201,113	13,432	10,729	216,733	211,842
	Takaful Three months period ended 31 March		Investment		Total	
			Three months period ended 31 March		Three months period ended 31 March	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Unaudited) AED'000	(Unaudited) AED'000
	11120 000	7122 000	1122 000	7122 000	11120 000	7122 000
Capital expenditure		-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	_	_	250	80	-	_

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

23 Fair value measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. As such, differences can arise between book values and the fair value estimates. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to materially curtail the scale of its operation or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

Fair value of financial instruments carried at amortised cost

Management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at amortised cost in the condensed financial statements approximate their fair values.

Valuation techniques and assumptions applied for the purposes of measuring fair value

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined using similar valuation techniques and assumptions as used in the audited annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Fair value measurements recognised in the condensed statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

		Level 1 AED'000	Level 2 AED'000	Level 3 AED'000	Total AED'000
31 March 2020					
Financial assets at FVTOCI					
Investment in unquoted securities	(b)		-	1,939	1,939
Financial assets at FVTPL					
Investment in quoted securities	(a)	5,466	-	-	5,466
Investment in unquoted securities	(b)	-	_	515	515
•		5,466	-	2,454	7,920
31 December 2019 Financial assets at FVTOCI					
Investment in unquoted securities	(b)		-	1,939	1,939
Financial assets at FVTPL					
Investment in quoted securities	(a)	-	-	-	-
Investment in unquoted securities	(b)		-	515	515
		-	-	2,454	2,454
		·	·	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

- (a) Fair values have been determined by reference to their quoted prices at the reporting date.
- (b) The Company holds investments in unquoted securities of three entities as at 31 March 2020 (31 December 2019: three entities). These investments are fair valued based on Net Asset Value Techniques using observable market data. Management believes that there is no significant deterioration in the value of these unquoted investments during the period ended 31 March 2020. All the unquoted securities fall under level 3 of fair value hierarchy therefore use of estimate is significant.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the period ended 31 March 2020

24 Fatwa and Shari'a Supervisory Board

The Company's business activities are subject to the supervision of its Fatwa and Sharia'a Supervisory Board consisting of three members appointed by the Shareholders. The Fatwa and Sharia'a Supervisory Board perform a supervisory role in order to determine whether the operations of the Company are conducted in accordance with Sharia'a rules and principles.

According to the Company's Fatwa and Sharia'a Supervisory Board, the Company is required to identify any income deemed to be derived from transactions not acceptable under Islamic Sharia'a principles, as interpreted by Fatwa and Sharia'a Supervisory Board, and to set aside such amount in a separate account for Shareholders who may resolve to pay the same for local charitable causes and activities.

25 Seasonality of results and events effecting the operations

The Company's investment income is dependent on market conditions, its investment activities and declaration of profits by investee companies, which are of a seasonal nature. Also, there was an outbreak of a global pandemic (Novel Coronavirus disease), causing significant financial and economic impact on major economies across the globe and affecting multiple industries. As at the date of approval of the financial statements, management is in the process of assessing the impact of the said event on its subsequent period's financial results. Accordingly, results for the period ended 31 March 2020 are not comparable to those relating to the comparative period and are not indicative of the results that might be expected for the year ending 31 December 2020.